## The Structure of Georgia's Court System

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Court	How Judges are	Number of	Jurisdiction	Responsibilities
	Selected	Courts		
State	Elected to 4 year terms (countywide, non- partisan elections)	70	Limited (One County)	-Misdemeanors -Preliminary Criminal Case Hearings -Civil Cases -Can also issue search warrants
Juvenile	Appointed by superior court judges to 4 year term	159	Limited (One County)	-Delinquent & Unruly offences by children under 17 -Deprived & neglected children under 18 -Minors seeking permission to marry or join military
Probate	Elected to 4 year terms (countrywide, non- partisan elections)	159	Limited (One County)	-Wills & estates -Marriage licenses -Firearms licenses -Appointing legal guardians -Traffic violations (for counties with no state courts) -Misdemeanors (for counties with no state courts) -Violations of game and fish laws
Magistrate	Either elected or appointed (depending on county)	159	Limited (One County)	-Issue warrants -Minor criminal cases -Civil cases (\$15,000 or less) -Civil disputes -Search and arrest warrants
Superior	Elected to 4 year terms (circuit-wide, non- partisan elections)	49 (circuits)	Original	-Civil trials -Criminal Trials -Felony Trials -Divorce cases -Land titles
Court of Appeals	12 judges assigned to 4 panels. Elected to 6 year terms (statewide, non-partisan elections)	4 (divisions)	Appellate	-Reviews civil and criminal cases previously heard by trial courts
Supreme	6 Justices & 1 Chief Justice. Elected to 6 year terms (statewide, non-partisan elections)	1	Appellate	<ul> <li>-Reviews decisions made in civil or criminal cases by trial or Court of Appeals</li> <li>-Determine if laws are constitutional</li> <li>-Challenges to elections -Death Sentences</li> </ul>